

US History 2B Semester 2 Written Assessment

College Study Guide

Part One: Multiple Choice 20 Questions (1 Point each)

Part Two: Vocabulary Matching 15 Questions (2 Points each);

Part Two Continued: 18 Questions (1 Point each)

Part Three: Mapping 12 Questions (1 Point each)

Part Four: Open Response (20 Points)

Exam Date: _____

1930's: The Great Depression and The New Deal

rugged individualism- Herbert Hoover

The Great Depression

New Deal - Franklin Roodevelt

3R's (Relief, Recovery, Reform)

Securities and Exchange Commission

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)

Works Progress Administration (WPA)

National Labor Relations Board - collective bargaining

Hoovervilles

Social Security Act

Wagner Act

Supreme Court Packing

Dust Bowl

immigration

suffrage

Labor Union

Famous Quotes:

"So first of all let me assert my firm belief that the only thing we have to fear is fear itself" - FDR

1930-1941: Events Leading to War in Europe

appeasement

facism

communism

totalitartianism

imperialism

Lend-Lease Act

isolationism

democracy

capitalism

socialism

nationalism

1939 Invasion of Poland

Axis Powers

Allied Powers

Neutrality Acts

cash and carry

Destroyer-Bases Deal

1941-1945 : Americans at War

Sunday, December 7, 1941

Pearl Harbor

General Einsenhower

Island hopping

Executive Order 9066

Manhattan Project - Atomic bomb

Genocide - organized killing of an entire people

April, 1945 - Franklin Roosevelt dies and Harry Truman assumes office

Rosie the Riveter

rationing

General MacArthur

Holocaust

Japanese Internment

United Nations

USS Missouri

Famous Quotes:

Calling December 7, 1941, "*a date which will live in infamy*" - FDR

In January 1941, in his annual message to Congress, President Roosevelt proclaimed the four Freedoms.

"In the future days, which we seek to make secure, we look forward to a world founded upon four essential human freedoms." - freedom of speech, freedom of religion, freedom of want, freedom of fear.

America After World WWII - Cold War and Civil Rights 1945-1964:

Foreign Policy:

Hot War	Cold War	Limited War
Yalta Conference - 1945	Eastern bloc	Western bloc
Berlin Airlift	NATO	Warsaw Pact
Truman Doctrine	Marshall Plan	
Iron Curtain		
containment policy-George Kennan		
North Korea invades South Korea-1950 (Korean war begins)		
38th parallel		

1952 - Dwight Eisenhower elected president

arms race	brinkmanship	Sputnik
Geneva Accords divided Vietnam into two separate nations in 1954		

1960 - John Fitzgerald Kennedy elected president

Fidel Castro	Nikita Khrushchev
Cuban Missile Crisis	

1963 - Lyndon Johnson assumes office after assassination of JFK

1964 - LBJ elected president

Vietnam War	Tet Offensive
Domino Theory	Gulf of Tonkin Resolution
Viet Cong	
Paris Peace Agreement 1973 - end of Viet Nam conflict	

Domestic Policy:

Civil Rights

Civil Disobedience
Jim Crow Laws
Plessy v. Ferguson - separate but equal
National Advancement for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP)
Booker T Washington - vocational education
W.E. B. Du Bois - general education
Brown v. Board of Education
Rosa Parks- Montgomery Bus Boycott
Malcolm X
Dr. Martin Luther King
Senator Joseph McCarthy - *mccarthyism* - fear of domestic communist
Roe v. Wade - 1973 Supreme Court decision that upheld women's
Great Society - Johnson signed several civil rights acts into law - voting, healthcare, medicare, etc.
Affirmative Action
Gross Domestic Product

Famous Quotes:

"Ask not what your country can do for you; ask what you can do for your country"

JFK's inaugural address

American Presidents from 1932 until present

Franklin Delano Roosevelt
Harry Truman
Dwight Eisenhower
John F. Kennedy
Lyndon Johnson
Richard Nixon
Gerald Ford

Jimmy Carter
Ronald Reagan
George H.W. Bush
William Clinton
George W. Bush
Barack Obama